

3,000 MARCH HERE IN PLEA FOR PEACE

Wall Street Parade Protests
Japanese Actions and South
American Conflicts.

GROUP VISITS CONSULATE

Fujimura Receives Delegation but
Declines to Discuss Views—
Demonstration Is Orderly.

More than 3,000 men, women and children, including a few Japanese, paraded yesterday noon through Wall Street from the East River to Broad Street and then down to the Battery to demonstrate against the Japanese actions in Manchuria and China and against the wars in South America. The demonstration brought mingled responses from the office workers of the financial district.

There was some cheering and less booing, and even a few scattered showers of ticker tape and torn paper. One lone strand of ticker tape descended from the Stock Exchange Building itself.

The parade and the subsequent meeting in South Street, just east of the elevated terminal, were orderly, although strenuous police precautions had been taken. One hundred and fifty patrolmen were posted at intervals along the entire route of the march and the parade was accompanied by mounted policemen. Detectives mingled with the crowd.

The demonstration was arranged by the American Committee for Struggle Against War in cooperation with other organizations of varying political complexion. Before the parade a delegation visited the Japanese Consulate General at 90 Broad Street.

Isadore Schneider, a writer, and a member of this delegation, reported to the meeting later that they had been received with great courtesy by N. Fujimura, the Consul, who listened to their protests patiently, although declining to make any statement himself. Mr. Schneider represented the League of Professional Groups, as did Genevieve Taggard, poet, who was also in the delegation, although she did not take part in the parade or meeting.

William Simons of the American Committee for the Struggle Against War, another of the delegation, reported indignantly that the Consul "had the nerve to tell us to go back and study the question."

The marchers had indulged in cries and boos in passing the building housing the consulate. Many placards of protest were carried.

Malcolm Cowley of The New Republic was chairman of the meeting in South Street. The speakers included J. B. Matthews, executive secretary of the Fellowship of Reconciliation; Miss Margaret Schlauch, Professor of English at New York University, and Carl Brodsky of the Communist party.

A young Japanese woman introduced as Miss A. E. Yama said that the beginnings of revolt were sweeping over Japan and the workers were massing under the banner of the Communist party. Snow began to fall during the speeches and while several delegates departed for warmer places, the ranks of demonstrators kept a sizable nucleus.

The War Resisters League in America announced yesterday that Dr. Albert Einstein had accepted an invitation to serve as honorary chairman of this organization.

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