

Surrogate's Court of the County of Nassau

On the Date Written Below LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION were granted by the Surrogate's Court of Nassau County, New York as follows:

File #: 2019-1564

Name of Decedent: **Vicki R.C. Simon**
AKA **Vicki Claireaux Simon**

Domicile: **Nassau County**

Type of Letters Issued: **LETTERS OF ADMINISTRATION**

Fiduciary Appointed: **Claude Simon**
71 Tonjes Road
Calicoon NY 12723

Limitations: The above named Administrator is hereby restrained from selling, mortgaging, leasing or otherwise encumbering REAL PROPERTY of the decedent other than 6 Edwards Lane, Glen Cove, New York 11542 without first applying to this Court for fixation and filing of adequate bond, and is further restrained from collecting any personal assets in excess of \$800,000.00 without first applying to this Court for fixation of amount of bond.

THESE LETTERS, granted pursuant to a decree entered by the court, authorize and empower the above-named fiduciary or fiduciaries to perform all acts requisite to the proper administration and disposition of the estate/trust of the Decedent in accordance with the decree and the laws of New York State, subject to the limitations and restrictions, if any, as set forth above.

Dated: August 12, 2019

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, the seal of the Nassau County Surrogate's Court has been affixed.

WITNESS, Hon Margaret C. Reilly, Judge of the Nassau County Surrogate's Court



Debra Keller Leimbach, Chief Clerk

These Letters are Not Valid Without the Raised Seal of the Nassau County Surrogate's Court

NOTICE: Attention is called to the provision of Sec. 11-1.6 of Estates, Powers and Trusts law and Sec. 719 of the Surrogate's Court Procedure Act, which makes it a misdemeanor and a cause for removal for a fiduciary to deposit or invest estate funds in his individual account or name. All funds must be deposited in the name of fiduciary and to the credit of the estate. Sec 708 and Sec 711 of the Surrogate's Court Procedure Act provide that if the address of the fiduciary changes they shall promptly notify the court of the new address and that failure to do so within thirty (30) days after such such change may result in the suspension or revocation of letters.